May 15, 2020

The Honorable Gavin Newsom  
Governor of California  
State Capitol, Suite 1173  
Sacramento, CA 95814  

Re: Voluntary Agreements

Dear Governor Newsom,

In early February, we were on the brink in California water of a historic resolution of longstanding conflicts through comprehensive voluntary agreements that embrace collaboration and innovative solutions. Now more than ever, California needs your personal leadership in bringing all parties back to the table to complete the work of finishing the voluntary agreements. The voluntary agreements will improve water supply reliability, including for fish and wildlife and urban and agricultural water users throughout the state.

The public wants a solution. Drawn-out litigation is not the answer. No matter what has or will be decided in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California or any other courtroom concerning the operations of the Central Valley Project (CVP) or the State Water Project (SWP), there is no path through litigation that delivers the certainty and immediate benefits of the voluntary agreements. Dozens of parties, along with the CVP and SWP public water agencies, stand ready to begin implementation. However, differences between the CVP and SWP operations must be resolved before doing so, and preferably by state and federal experts, not the courts. Just as you so eloquently stated only three months ago, it is the necessary path forward to “move past the old water binaries and set us up for a secure and prosperous water future.” (Cal Matters, February 4, 2020.)

POLLING INDICATES STRONG SUPPORT FOR THE VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS:

- Recent polling indicates that over 62 percent of California voters support the voluntary agreements knowing the agreements will result in physical improvements to fish habitat in the Bay-Delta and its vast watershed. (Please see attachment regarding polling.)

The Association of California Water Agencies, representing more than 450 California public water agencies, appreciates your team’s commitment to the voluntary agreements as a new and better approach to improving the Bay-Delta ecosystem. Voluntary agreements remain the best alternative for providing certainty to over half of the state’s population who depend on these
water sources and for maintaining the economic vitality of the Central Valley. Through the voluntary agreements, water agencies have pledged to contribute hundreds of thousands of acre-feet of water, hundreds of millions of dollars, and an extensive series of restoration projects to enhance fish and wildlife habitat. With an extensive list of “no regrets” early implementation projects that could begin construction or otherwise be implemented within the next twelve to eighteen months, voluntary agreements have the added co-benefit of immediately injecting tens of millions of dollars into the state’s economy at this critical time. It is imperative that your administration works to resolve differences between the SWP and CVP operations, many of which are most appropriately framed as hypotheses and can be tested through the voluntary agreement’s science program.

With California water policy at a defining moment, we urge for your personal leadership to bring the state and federal governments and stakeholders back together to finish the critically important work of achieving an agreement that restores the Bay-Delta ecosystem and benefits our economy. As your leadership during the COVID-19 crisis has shown, we can accomplish more for California when the state and federal administrations are working closely together. ACWA stands ready to assist you and your team in realizing that outcome.

Sincerely,

Dave Eggerton
Executive Director

Attachment – Polling Infographic

cc: The Honorable Xavier Becerra, Attorney General, State of California
    The Honorable Jared Blumenfeld, Secretary for Environmental Protection, California Environmental Protection Agency
    The Honorable Wade Crowfoot, Secretary for Natural Resources, California Natural Resources Agency
    The Honorable Joaquin Esquivel, Chair, State Water Resources Control Board
    The Honorable Karla Nemeth, Director, California Department of Water Resources
    Ms. Ann O'Leary, Chief of Staff, Office of Governor Newsom
    Ms. Ana Matosantos, Cabinet Secretary, Office of Governor Newsom
    Ms. Eileen Sobeck, Executive Director, State Water Resources Control Board
California Voters Support Voluntary Agreements

62% SUPPORT

A coalition of California interests including cities, conservation organizations, farmers, and state and federal agencies, are working on a set of voluntary agreements to improve fish and wildlife habitat in California’s Bay-Delta and to ensure people and farms throughout the state have reliable water supplies. In general, do you support or oppose such an approach?

Enhance fish habitats

- 63% are more likely to SUPPORT voluntary agreements knowing they will make physical improvements to fish habitat in rivers and the Bay-Delta

Advance a different approach

- 60% are more likely to SUPPORT knowing that voluntary agreements will take a different approach that includes the creation of new habitats for fish, applied science, and greater water supply reliability for people and farms

Double the salmon population

- 58% are more likely to SUPPORT voluntary agreements knowing they will advance the goal of doubling California’s salmon population by 2050

Restore 60,000 acres

- 63% are more likely to SUPPORT voluntary agreements knowing they will provide the restoration of 60,000 acres of habitat for fish and wildlife

Reactivate historic floodplains

- 59% are more likely to SUPPORT voluntary agreements knowing that water will be released from reservoirs to coincide with natural fish movements and to restore historic floodplains that play an important role in the fish life cycle

From Monday, March 9, 2020 to Sunday, March 15, 2020, Probolsky Research conducted a live-interviewer telephone and online survey among California Statewide voters. A total of 900 voters were surveyed (300 by telephone and 600 online). A survey of this size yields a margin of error of ±3.3%, with a confidence level of 95%. Interviews were conducted with respondents on both landline (47%) and mobile phones (53%) and were offered in English (90%) and Spanish (10%) languages. Questions were randomized. Our sample was developed from voter data maintained by each of California’s 58 county election officials and enhanced with publicly available consumer data.

Probolsky Research applies a stratified random sampling methodology to ensure that the demographic proportions of survey respondents match the demographic composition of California voters.

voluntaryagreements.org